## 4. SCHEME OF STUDIES AND EXAMINATIONS:

Teaching Scheme (In Hours)		Total Credits (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme Theory Marks Practical Marks				Total Marks	
L	Т	P	С	ESE	PA	ESE	PA	150
3	0	2	5	70	30	20	30	

**Legends:** L - Lecture; T - Tutorial/Teacher Guided Student Activity; P - Practical; C - Credit; ESE - End Semester Examination; PA - Progressive Assessment

## 5. COURSE DETAILS

Unit	Major Learning outcomes	Topics and Sub Topics				
	(in cognitive domain)					
Unit- I	1a. Discuss the concepts	1.1 Scope of W.R.M.				
Introduction and importance		1.2 Necessity of W.R.M.				
of Water Resources		1.3 Role of various agencies in W.R.M.:				
	Management (WRM).	- Agriculturists - Meteorologists				
		- Geologists - Industrialists				
	1b. Identify various agencies	- Scientists - Biologists				
	associated with Water	- Water quality Control				
	Resource Management.	(Authority)				
		- Mechanical Engg Electrical				
		engg Economists - Social				
		workers- NGO's - Politicians				
		- General Public				
Unit-II	2a. Explain Hydrological	2.1 Define Hydrology				
Hydrology	cycle.	2.2 Hydrological cycle				
	2b. Describe various forms	2.3 Forms of precipitation				
	and types of	2.4 Precipitation occupancy & its types.				
	precipitation.	2.5 Measurement of rain fall				
	2c. Explain various types of	2.5.1 Rain gauges				
	rain gauges.	Non Recording				
	2d. Compute average	Recording				
	precipitation by various	- Float type				
	methods.	- Tipping bucket				
	2e. Compute runoff using	<ul> <li>weighing bucket</li> </ul>				
	empirical formula.	2.5.2 Methods of determining average				
	2f. Describe evaporation	rainfall				
	process and factors	b. Arithmetic average method				

	affacting it	a Theissen polygon with a d
Unit-III Ground Water	3a. Identify various sources of water.  3b. Describe various terms related to "ground water"  3c. Explain various types of wells with their features.  3d. Discuss necessity of recharging ground water.  3e. Describe various methods of recharging ground water.	c. Theissen polygon method d. Isohytel method 2.5.3 Determine optimum no. of rain gauges for given catchment area.  2.6 Runoff 2.6.1 Factors affecting runoff 2.6.2 Runoff calculation using empirical formula only  2.7 Evaporation, Transpiration & Evapotranspiration 2.7.1 Factors affecting evaporation.  3.1 Sources of water 3.2 Importance of ground water and present scenario  3.3 Terms related to groundwater engineering: Aquifer, Aquiclude, Aquifuge, Aquitard, porosity, Specific yield, Specific retention, storage coefficient, coefficient of permeability, coefficient of transmissibility, Yield, specific yield  3.4 Types of well Open, Tube and flowing well concept, location and importance  3.5 Necessity of recharging 3.5.1 Artificial recharging as today's need. 3.5.2 Types of artificial recharge Spreading method. Pit method / khet-talavadi Induced recharge method Recharge well method. Sub-surface dam. Check dam series
		- Ponds - Unlined canals
Unit-IV	4a. Describe various	4.1. Survey and investigations.
Oilit-1 V	surveys / investigations	a. Investigations for hydrologic data
Storage Works	to be carried out in	b. Geological data.
otoruge works	storage works including	c. Topographic investigations.
	their classification.	d. Collection of legal data, water right.

	<ul> <li>4b. Compute reservoir capacity and losses.</li> <li>4c. Discuss purpose of various storage zones of reservoir.</li> <li>4d. Draw cross-sections of gravity and earthen dam at various points.</li> </ul>	e. Investigation of reservoir site, land acquisition Environmental considerations f. Economical data - Benefit cost atio. 4.2. Site selection for reservoir 4.3. Methods of estimating reservoir capacity 4.4. Storage zones 4.5. Reservoir losses 4.6. Reservoir sedimentation and its control 4.7. Classification of storage works . 4.8. Factors for selecting type of dam
		4.9. Concept of low and high dam 4.10. Component parts of gravity and earthen dam
Unit-V Distribution Works	<ul> <li>5a. Explain purpose of distribution works</li> <li>5b. Differentiate between barrage and weir by means of a diagram</li> <li>5c. Describe silt control structures</li> <li>5d. Classify canals based on their functions.</li> <li>5e. Explain factors affecting canal alignment</li> <li>5f. Discuss suitable construction techniques, materials &amp; equipments for "canal lining."</li> <li>5g. Explain the causes, effects &amp; prevention of water logging.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5.1 Purpose of distribution works</li> <li>5.2 Component parts &amp; sketches.</li> <li>5.3 Barrage.</li> <li>5.4 Weir  5.4.1 Comparison of weir and barrage.  5.4.2 Causes of failure of weir and remedial measures</li> <li>5.5 Safe exit gradient</li> <li>5.6 Control of silt entry Scouring sluices, silt excluder, silt ejector, head egulator.</li> <li>5.7 Classifications of canal  -Ridge and contour  Functions of each according to network.  Line diagram of network of canal.</li> <li>5.8 Canal Alignment Factors influencing canal alignment .</li> <li>5.9 Regime &amp; semi-regime conditions.</li> <li>5.10 Canal lining.  a. Advantages.  b. Types of canal lining materials  c. Methods of canal lining.</li> <li>5.11 Regulation works.</li> <li>5.12 C.D. WorksTypes , functions &amp; sketches</li> </ul>
		5.13 Outlets types, situation, functions & sketches 5.14 Water-logging, effects, causes &

		prevention
Unit –VI	6a. Describe important	6.1. Concept of 'watershed'
Watershed	characteristics of "water	6.2. Characteristic of watershed, size,
Development	shed".	shape, physiography, slope, climate,
	6b. Evolve strategies of	drainage, land use, vegetation,
	enhancing people's	geology, hydrology, hydrogeology,
	participation in watershed	socio-economics.
	management.	6.3. Watershed management & people's
		participation
		6.4. Role of co-operative society in
		watershed management.
Unit-VII	7a. Describe necessity and	7.1 Necessity of Rain water harvesting
Water	importance of rain water	7.2 Importance of Rain water harvesting
Harvesting	harvesting .	7.3 Rain water harvesting methods
Structures	7b. Discuss various 'rain	- Check dams.
	water harvesting'	- Nala / Gully plugging
	methods, structures and	- Percolation tank.
	their suitability in various	- Khet-talawadi
	conditions.	- Roof harvesting
		- Vegetation and plantation

## 6. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE WITH HOURS & MARKS (THEORY)

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Marks			
		Hours	R	U	Α	Total
			Level	Level	Level	Marks
I.	Introduction	3	2	3	2	7
II.	Hydrology	8	4	3	7	14
III.	Ground Water	7	3	5	6	14
IV.	Storage Works	8	3	4	7	14
V.	Distribution Works	6	2	2	3	7
VI.	Water Shed Development	6	3	2	2	7
VII.	Water Harvesting	4	3	2	2	7
	Structures					
		42	20	21	29	70

Legends: R = Remember; U = Understand; A = Apply and above levels (Bloom's revised taxonomy)

**Note:** This specification table shall be treated as a general guideline for students and teachers.

The actual distribution of marks in the question paper may vary slightly from above table.